



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY—Continued.

*Morbidity and mortality table, cities of the United States, for week ended Mar. 30, 1912—Continued.*

Cities.	Popula- tion United States Census 1910.	Total deaths from all causes.	Diph- theria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Small- pox.		Tubercu- losis.		Ty- phoid fever.	
			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
<i>Cities having less than 25,000 inhabitants—Continued.</i>														
Clinton, Mass.	13,075	4										1		
Coffeyville, Kans.	12,687		1								3	1		
Columbus, Ga.	20,554	11												
Columbus, Ind.		1							7					
Concord, N. H.	21,497	8			13									
Cumberland, Md.	21,839	12	2		19						2		1	
Dunkirk, N. Y.			4											
Galesburg, Ill.	20,089	3												
Harrison, N. J.	14,498	4					1				1	1		
Homestead, Pa.	18,710	8	2	1							1		1	
Kearny, N. J.	18,659	6	2		25		4							
La Fayette, Ind.	20,081	6			1							1		
Lebanon, Pa.	19,240						1						1	
Logansport, Ind.	19,050	9			1		3					1	17	2
Marinette, Wis.	14,610	4												1
Marlboro, Mass.	14,577	3										1		
Massillon, Ohio		2												
Medford, Mass.	23,156	9	3		23		3							
Melrose, Mass.	15,715	4			8						1	1	1	
Moline, Ill.	24,199	5											1	1
Montclair, N. J.	21,150	13			6		1	1			2			
Morristown, N. J.	12,507	3			19	1	1				1			
Nanticoke, Pa.	18,509	6												
Newburyport, Mass.	19,240	4									1	1		
North Adams, Mass.	22,012	7	1		5						1			
Northampton, Mass.	19,431	6	1		10		1				1		1	
Ottumwa, Iowa.	22,012	6											1	
Palmer, Mass.		5										2		
Palo Alto, Cal.		1												
Plainfield, N. J.	22,050	7			23		1				1	1		
Pottstown, Pa.		5			2		1					1		
Sandusky, Ohio.	19,989	10	1		15								1	
Saratoga Springs, N. Y.		3			1									
South Bethlehem, Pa.	19,973	8	5		6		2				1	1		
Steelton, Pa.	14,246	5	2	1	1		2				3	1		
Warren, Pa.	11,081	2					1							
Wilkesburg, Pa.	18,924	7			1		2				5	1		
Woburn, Mass.	15,308	3			13							1		

**STATISTICAL REPORTS OF MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, STATES OF THE UNITED STATES (Untabulated).**

FLORIDA.—Reports received from the State board of health show as follows: Week ended March 23, 1912. Diphtheria present in 4 localities with 6 cases, malaria in 2 localities with 15 cases, smallpox in 5 counties with 21 cases, tuberculosis in 6 localities with 7 cases, typhoid fever in 9 localities with 13 cases.

Week ended March 30, 1912. Diphtheria present in 3 localities with 3 cases, malaria in 3 localities with 13 cases, smallpox in 3 counties with 16 cases, tuberculosis in 6 localities with 8 cases, typhoid fever in 3 localities with 6 cases.

NEW JERSEY.—Four weeks ended March 10, 1912. Population, 2,537,167. Total number of deaths from all causes 3,277, including diphtheria 38, measles 28, scarlet fever 12, tuberculosis 385, typhoid fever 24.